

ITESTHUB · ABILITY TEST REPORT

Legal Comprehension Test

A report for

Sam Sample

Sam Sample

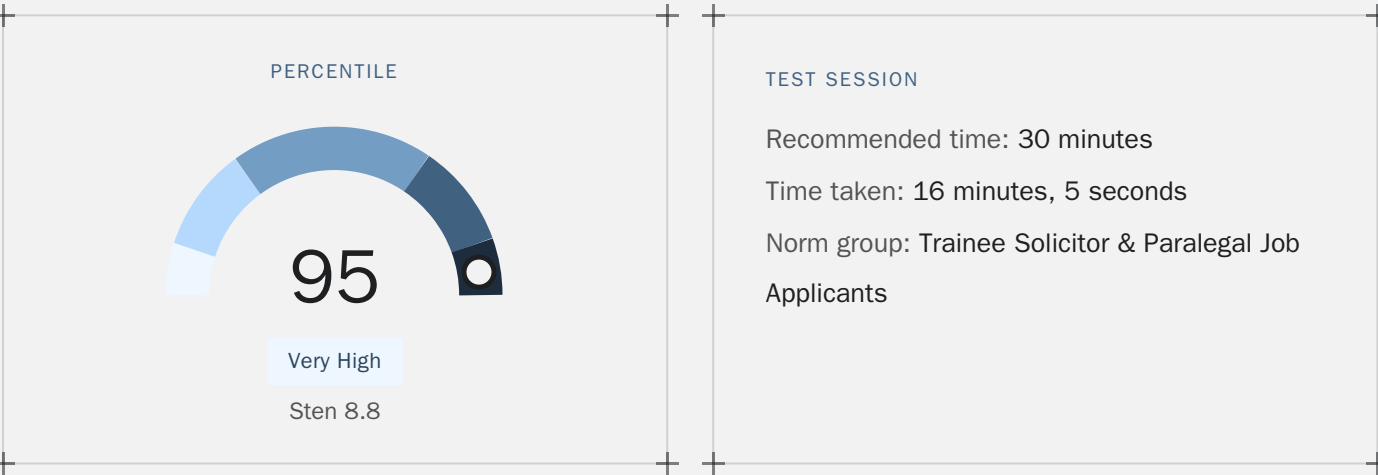
Completed 08/09/2026 · Norm group: Trainee Solicitor & Paralegal Job Applicants · Report valid 18–24 months

This report is confidential and is intended solely for the person responsible for assessing Sam Sample, who completed the Legal Comprehension Test on 08/09/2026.

Interpreting scores

Scores on Legal Comprehension Test are calculated by comparing an individual's score with a large group of people (norm group) who have also completed the same test. These are expressed as 'percentiles' -- use the key below to benchmark Sam's result.

Very Low	Low	Mid	High	Very High
1–10%ile	11–30%ile	31–69%ile	70–89%ile	90–100%ile



This legal comprehension test assesses a candidate's ability to identify, interpret, and apply legal language and formatting principles accurately. These skills will be apparent when:

- Ensuring Accuracy in Legal Documents: Maintaining accuracy in legal documents is crucial. Checking numbers, dates, names, and financial figures ensures that legal records are precise and reliable.
- Identifying and Applying Defined Terms Correctly: Understanding abbreviations, acronyms, and defined terms is essential for clear legal communication. Legal professionals must ensure that terms are consistently used and properly introduced before appearing in documents.
- Maintaining Punctuation and Formatting Consistency: Proper punctuation, including hyphenation, paired punctuation, and serial commas, ensures clarity and readability in legal documents.

Areas to probe at interview

The test has three sections, one for each ability on page 1. Each is short, so Sam's result in each is shown as a broad position, not a score. There are no pass marks for individual sections — the overall percentile is the measure of ability. Use the positions to decide which skills to probe in more depth at interview, and decide on the evidence gathered there whether to progress Sam. This page states the skills to explore; it does not prescribe exercises or questions — the interview should not repeat the test.

Area	Position
1. Interpreting the terms of an agreement	LowMidHigh
2. Checking a contract extract against a set format	LowMidHigh
3. Proofreading clauses for errors	LowMidHigh

How to use this. A section shown as Low lists the skills to probe in more depth. High lists what to confirm — the test was taken unsupervised. Mid needs no special attention unless the role leans heavily on that area. The positions are coarse by design; do not read a profile into small differences between them.

Area 1 — Interpreting the terms of an agreement

What it measures: reading a short agreement and deciding whether statements are true, false, or cannot be told — including a figure or date worked out from the terms, a qualifier such as “not to be unreasonably withheld”, or something the agreement obliges but does not say has happened.

If Low — skills to probe in more depth at interview:

- locating the clause that decides a question, rather than answering from impression
- reading qualifiers and exceptions — “not to be unreasonably withheld”, “except”, “only with prior written consent”
- separating what a party is obliged to do from what the document says has happened
- working out dates and sums from the terms
- resisting inferences the text does not support

If High — skills to confirm:

- explaining a clause plainly without losing the qualifier
- knowing what to check before advising on a time limit or notice

Area 2 — Checking a contract extract against a set format

What it measures: comparing contract openings against a model that fixes the house format and counting every departure — ordinal dates, an impossible date, “Ltd.” with a full stop, a lower-case defined term, a mismatched quotation mark, a misspelling.

If Low — skills to probe in more depth at interview:

- treating a house style as a rule set and checking every element against it in a fixed order
- dates and amounts in the prescribed form
- defined terms introduced and capitalised correctly
- paired quotation marks and brackets
- recognising an extract that is fully compliant

If High — skills to confirm:

- handling a point the house style is silent on
- consistency across many documents in one sitting

Area 3 — Proofreading clauses for errors

What it measures: reading bullet points from a clause against a model clause and counting the errors in each — capitalisation of defined terms and references, a capital starting a bullet, missing apostrophes, end-of-bullet punctuation, “Section” for “Clause”, a missing £, unbalanced brackets, spelling.

If Low — skills to probe in more depth at interview:

- capitalisation of defined terms and cross-references
- the conventions of a clause list — lower-case start, semicolons, “; and” or “; or” before the last item, a full stop at the end
- apostrophes, symbols and references
- reading for errors separately from reading for sense

If High — skills to confirm:

- judgement on conventions that vary between house styles
- what to do on finding an error in a signed or issued document

Rank candidates on the overall percentile; decide on the interview evidence.